Intellectual Development of Toddlers

How and what toddlers learn

- Discovering new ways to solve problems (12-18 Months)
 - Exploring ("little Scientists")
 - After discovering one way to use an object toddlers want to know what else they can do with the same object
 - Repeating
 - Helps them verify their observations
 - As they problem solve they find ways to accomplish things, they do not always thing about consequences of how they solved the problem.
 - Reaching on table

How and what toddlers Learn

- Beginning of thought (18-24 months)
 - Think about what they do before they do it
 - Toddler pauses in mid-action
 - Start to figure things out mentally rather than trial and error
 - Thinking is not yet mature
 - Think and respond in actions
 - Thinking and imitating
 - Used in play and language
 - Thinking and goals
 - Step stool
 - Thinking and hiding games
 - Search for items they have NOT seen someone hide, think in terms of spatial concepts
 - Shape, size, color, and texture
 - Need to see differences to classify objects as different
 - 4 leg example
 - Object exploration
 - Learn more about what will happen as they handle objects. They learn by throwing, rolling, shaking, or moving objects.
 - o Round objects roll, sounds
 - Language
 - Association
 - recall

Language Abilities

- Learning Spoken Language
 - Develops at the fastest rate of your life from age 1-3
 - Learning to articulate
 - Learned through imitation
 - Sounds Substitutions
 - Dat instead of that
 - Change sound order
 - Perslip instead of slipper
 - Adult correct pronunciation is critical to help them correct their errors
 - Learning Meanings
 - Linking feature to a word
 - Vocab, grammer, Single words (12-18 months), 2+ words (19+ monthes)

Common Vocab Problems

WORKSHEET

Different Rates of learning to talk

- Depends on
 - Hearing- must hear clearly
 - Interest- Some are more interested in motor skills
 - Mental abilities- lang. and thinking are related can affect talking
 - Gender-Girls before boys
 - Need for speech- able to get what they need without speech
 - Interesting environments- new experiences promote talking

Creative Writing

• Write a story from a toddlers point of view in which the language used shows typically toddler language development as described in the ppt.

WE WILL SHARE THESE